

# God Hates Fags

June 9, 2003

[FAQ](#) [Contact Us](#) [Search](#)

- [What is a fag?](#)
- [Fag Media](#)
- [Fag Churches](#)
- [Fag Companies](#)
- [Fags in the schools](#)
- [Hope for fags?](#)
- [Fag Facts](#)
- [Other Web Pages](#)

Note: The facts and statistics contained below are nothing more than a summary of various sources (which are listed at the bottom of this page). You may or may not agree with them. You may have seen different numbers in different sources. Everything provided below is information that most homosexuals don't want you to know about, but it needs to be known. The majority of the statistics below are from several years ago. For more recent information, see our [Fag News](#) section, and a document about the [Homosexual Lifestyle](#) created in August of 2002 for the Topeka City Council.

- 
- [Fags live filthy, unhealthy, dangerous, unhappy, and in many cases, violent lives.](#)
  - [Fags prey on children.](#)
  - [The fag agenda.](#)
  - [The true number of fags.](#)
  - [Fags aren't discriminated against in employment, so why should they be a protected class?](#)
  - [Sexual Orientation](#)

---

**[Fags live filthy, unhealthy, dangerous, unhappy, and in many cases, violent lives.](#)**

- [Homosexual Lifestyle](#)
- [Fags spread staph infections across America - 2-28-2003](#)
- [Syphilis 'Epidemic' Seen Among Gay Men in Germany - 10-9-2002](#)
- [For Your Health: 10 Things Gay Men Need to Know - 7-18-2002.](#)
- [High Proportion HIV+ US Gay Men Don't Know They're Infected - 7-8-2002.](#)

- MEDICAL CONSEQUENCES Of WHAT HOMOSEXUALS DO.
- On April 25, 2001, the CDC reported that "We are seeing substantial increases in sexually transmitted diseases among men who have sex with men in multiple locations across this country." (31, 32).
- Fags are responsible for the "first sexually transmitted outbreak of typhoid fever" in the history of the United States. This disease is caused by ingesting human feces (32).
- More than 10% of fags in major U.S. urban areas are infected with HIV. To this day, they still make up more than 50% of reported AIDS cases in the United States (30, 31).
- Fags fellate almost 100% of their sexual contacts and ingest semen from about half of those. Semen contains virtually every germ carried in the blood stream, so this is about equivalent to ingesting raw human blood (6).
- One study reports 70% of fags admitting to having sex only one time with over 50% of their partners (3).
- One study reports that the average fag has between 20 and 106 partners per year (6). The average heterosexual has 8 partners in a lifetime.
- Sperm readily penetrates the anal wall (which is only one cell thick) and gains direct access to the blood stream. This causes massive immunological damage to the body's T- and B-cell defensive systems (14).
- 50% of male syphilis is carried by fags as a rectal infection and can enter through the urethra of another fag during anal sex (7).
- Around 67-80% of fags lick and/or insert their tongues into the anuses of their partners (called "rimming", anilingus, fecal sex, etc.) and ingest biologically significant amounts of feces (7), which is the chief cause of hepatitis and parasitic infections among fags (8). This practice is called the "prime taste treat in sex" in the bestseller *The Joy of Gay Sex*.
- 33% of fags admit to fisting (inserting the hand, sometimes part of the arm, into the rectum of his partner) (7).
- Urinating on each other ("golden showers") and torture has doubled among fags since the 1940s, and fisting has increased astronomically (7).
- 17% of fags eat and/or rub the feces of their partners on themselves (4).
- 12% of fags give/receive enemas as part of sexual

pleasure (4).

- In one study, the average fag fellated somewhere between 20 and 106 men, swallowed 50 seminal discharges, had 72 penile penetrations of the anus, and ingested feces of 23 different men EVERY YEAR (6).
- Many fag sexual encounters occur while drunk, high on drugs, or in an orgy setting (7).
- Many fags don't pay heed to warnings of their lifestyles: "Knowledge of health guidelines was quite high, but this knowledge had no relation to sexual behavior" (16).
- Activities of fags involve rimming (anilingus), golden showers, fisting, and using "toys" (21).
- Fags got homosexuality removed from the list of mental illnesses in the early 70s by storming the annual American Psychiatric Association (APA) conference on successive years. "Guerrilla theater tactics and more straight-forward shouting matches characterized their presence" (2). Since homosexuality has been removed from the APA list of mental illnesses, so has pedophilia (except when the adult feels "subjective distress") (27).
- Fags account for 3-4% of all gonorrhea cases, 60% of all syphilis cases, and 17% of all hospital admissions (other than for STDs) in the United States (5). They make up only 1-2% of the population.
- Fags live unhealthy lifestyles, and have historically accounted for the bulk of syphilis, gonorrhea, Hepatitis B, the "gay bowel syndrome" (which attacks the intestinal tract), tuberculosis and cytomegalovirus (27).
- 73% of psychiatrists say fags are less happy than the average person, and of those psychiatrists, 70% say that the unhappiness is NOT due to social stigmatization (13).
- 25-33% of fags and dykes are alcoholics (11).
- Of fags questioned in one study, 43% admitted to 500 or more partners in a lifetime, 28% admitted to 1000 or more in a lifetime, and of these people, 79% said that half of those partners were total strangers, and 70% of those sexual contacts were one night stands (or, as one fag admits in the film "The Castro," one minute stands) (3). Also, it is a favorite past-time of many fags to go to "cruisy areas" and have anonymous sex. See [www.cruisingforsex.com](http://www.cruisingforsex.com) (NOTE: this site may contain pornographic images - please don't go to it if you are under age or don't want to see this type of

material. This site is referenced only for illustrative purposes.)

- 78% of fags are affected by STDs (20).
- Judge John Martough, chief magistrate of the New York City Criminal Court has said, "Homosexuals account for half the murders in large cities" (10).
- Captain William Riddle of the Los Angeles Police says, "30,000 sexually abused children in Los Angeles were victims of homosexuals" (10).
- 50% of suicides can be attributed to fags (10).
- Dr. Daniel Capron, a practicing psychiatrist, says, "Homosexuality by definition is not healthy and wholesome. The homosexual person, at best, will be unhappier and more unfulfilled than the sexually normal person" (10). For other psychiatrists who believe that homosexuality is wrong, please see [National Association for Research and Therapy of Homosexuality](#).
- It takes approximately \$300,000 to take care of each AIDS victim, so thanks to the promiscuous lifestyle of fags, medical insurance rates have been skyrocketing for all of us(10).
- One study reports that 90% of fags have engaged in anal sex, and 66% engage in anal sex regularly (6).
- Fags were responsible for spreading AIDS in the United States, and then raised up violent groups like Act Up and Ground Zero to complain about it. Even today, fags account for well over 50% of the AIDS cases in the United States, which is quite a large number considering that they account for only 1-2% of the population.
- Fags account for a disproportionate number of hepatitis cases: 70-80% in San Francisco, 29% in Denver, 66% in New York City, 56% in Toronto, 42% in Montreal, and 26% in Melbourne (8).
- 10% of fags admit to eating feces and/or drinking contaminated enema water (8).
- 29% of fags engage in urine sex ("golden showers") (8).
- 37% of fags engage in sadomasochism, which accounts for many accidental deaths. In San Francisco, classes were held to teach fags how to not kill their partners during sadomasochism (8).
- In large cities, hospitals are often called on to remove objects from the rectums of fags. Sometimes, the fags do so much damage that they have to wear colostomy bags for the rest of their lives (8).
- 41% of fags say they have had sex with strangers in

public restrooms, 60% say they have had sex with strangers in bathhouses, and 64% of these encounters have involved the use of illegal drugs (8).

- Depending on the city, 39-59% of fags are infected with intestinal parasites like worms, flukes and amoebae, which is common in filthy third world countries (8).
- The median age of death of fags is 42 (only 9% live past age 65). This drops to 39 if the cause of death is AIDS. The median age of death of a married heterosexual man is 75 (8).
- The median age of death of dykes is 45 (only 24% live past age 65). The median age of death of a married heterosexual woman is 79 (8).
- Fags are 100 times more likely to be murdered (usually by another fag) than the average person, 25 times more likely to commit suicide, and 19 times more likely to die in a traffic accident (8).
- 21% of dykes die of murder, suicide or traffic accident, which is at a rate of 534 times higher than the number of white heterosexual females aged 25-44 who die of these things(8).
- 50% of the calls to a hotline to report "queer bashing" involved domestic violence (i.e., fags beating up other fags) (18).
- About 50% of the women on death row are dykes (12).

## **Fags prey on children.**

- [Corporations financially support 'Gay' Big Brothers-Big Sisters](#) - 7-26-2002
- ["Homosexuals in UK propose teaching about anal sex to 4-year-olds"](#)
- 33% of fags ADMIT to minor/adult sex (7).
- There is a notable fag group, consisting of thousands of members, known as the North American Man and Boy Love Association ([NAMBLA](#)). (Note: this web site is sometimes down). This is a child molesting fag group whose cry is "SEX BEFORE 8 BEFORE IT'S TOO LATE." This group can be seen marching in most major fag parades across the United States.
- Fags commit more than 33% of all reported child molestations in the United States, which, assuming fags make up 2% of the population, means that 1 in 20 fags is a child molestor, while 1 in 490 heterosexuals is a child molestor (19).

- 73% of all fags have had sex with boys under 19 years of age (9).
- Many fags admit that they are pedophiles: "The love between men and boys is at the foundation of homosexuality" (22).
- Because fags can't reproduce naturally, they resort to recruiting children. Fags can be heard chanting "TEN PERCENT IS NOT ENOUGH, RECRUIT, RECRUIT, RECRUIT" in their fag parades. A group called the "Lesbian Avengers" prides itself on trying to recruit young girls. They print "WE RECRUIT" on their literature. Some other fags aren't as overt about this, but rather try to infiltrate society and get into positions where they will have access to the malleable minds of young children (e.g., the clergy, teachers, Boy Scout leaders, etc.) (8). See the [DC Lesbian Avengers web page](#). Also, see [AFA Action Alert](#).
- [Kinder, gentler pedophiles?](#)

## The fag agenda.

- The fag agenda includes desensitizing the public: "The first order of business is desensitization of the American public concerning gays and gay rights.....To desensitize the public is to help it view homosexuality with indifference instead of with keen emotion. Ideally, we would have straights register differences in sexual preferences the way they register different tastes for ice cream or sports games....At least in the beginning, we are seeking public desensitization and nothing more. We do not need and cannot expect a full 'appreciation' or 'understanding' of homosexuality from the average American. You can forget about trying to persuade the masses that homosexuality is a good thing. But if only you can get them to think that it is just another thing...then your battle for legal and social rights is virtually won" (25).
- Part of the fag agenda is to get the public to affirm their filthy lifestyle, as one fag admitted in the October 1987 fag rally on Washington: "We are no longer seeking just a right to privacy and a protection from wrong. We also have a right -- as heterosexual Americans already have -- to see government and society affirm our lives" (27).
- Part of the fag agenda is to turn people from Christianity: "The teaching that only male-female

sexual activity within the bounds and constraints of marriage is the only acceptable form should be reason enough for any homosexual to denounce the Christian religion" (1).

- Fags knowingly lied (and still lie) about the 10% figure (i.e., fags make up 10% of the population). As Tom Stoddard (formerly of the Lambda Legal Defense Fund) said, "We used that figure when most gay people were entirely hidden to try to create an impression of our numerousness" (17).
- The Gay Revolutionary .

## The true number of fags.

- The Kinsey study of 1948, which fags often cite to say that 10% of the population is homosexual, actually says that only 4% of the population is EXCLUSIVELY homosexual. This study involved a disproportionate number of people who had been in jail for sex crimes (hardly a random sample of the population). Kinsey also did perverse studies involving young boys and pedophiles.
- Current research shows that the true percentage of fags is in the 1-2% range (15,23,26,28). Consider how small this number is when compared to most of the numbers above.
- CENSUS: HOMOSEXUAL "COUPLES" MAKE UP ONLY 0.5% OF ALL COUPLES - 10-22-2002

## Fags aren't discriminated against in employment, so why should they be a protected class?

- The average yearly income of a fag is \$55,430.00 (most of which is disposable because no children to take care of!). The average of the general population is \$32,144.00. The average of blacks is \$12,166.00 (24).
- 59.6% of fags are college graduates. 18.0% of the general population are college graduates (24). Too bad they aren't smart enough to listen to God. "Professing themselves to be wise, they became fools" (Romans 1:22).
- 49.0% of fags hold professional/managerial positions. 15.9% of the general population hold such positions (24). Where's the job discrimination?

## Sexual Orientation

- A phrase that has come up recently in this earth is "sexual orientation." This is a phrase made up by fags to try to make themselves look less filthy than they really are. The purpose of the phrase is to take the spotlight from what these perverts do, and put it on the notion that they are just poor, mistreated people, who simply are attracted to members of the same sex - as if they aren't engaging in activity forbidden by God Almighty. "Sexual orientation," as used today, has nothing to do with sexual activity (yeah, right), but only refers to who or what a particular person is attracted to. If you think that people of other "sexual orientations" are just fine, let's see what other "sexual orientations" you would necessarily have to accept as wholesome and pure. If you're not going to discriminate based on "sexual orientation", then you must not discriminate against any of the following. If you discriminate against any of these, you're a hypocrite. These "sexual orientations" are generally known as "paraphilias", and are mental disorders - just like homosexuality used to be (29).
- Exhibitionism - involves people who are sexually aroused by the idea of exposing their genitals to a stranger.
- Fetishism - involves people who are sexually aroused by nonliving objects.
- Frotteurism - involves people who are sexually aroused by the idea of touching and rubbing against a nonconsenting person.
- Pedophilia - involves people who are sexually attracted to prepubescent children (usually 13 years or younger).
- Sexual Masochism - involves people who are sexually aroused by being "humiliated, beaten, bound, or otherwise made to suffer."
- Sexual Sadism - involves people who are sexually aroused by causing the psychological or physical suffering of a victim (e.g., "restraint, blindfolding, paddling, spanking, whipping, pinching, beating, burning, electrical shocks, rape, cutting, stabbing, strangulation, torture, mutilation, or killing").
- Transvestic Fetishism - involves people who are sexually aroused by cross-dressing.
- Voyeurism - involves people who are sexually aroused by watching unsuspecting strangers have sex.
- Telephone Scatologia - involves people who are



- sexually aroused by making obscene phone calls.
- Necrophilia - involves people who are sexually attracted to corpses.
  - Partialism - involves people who are sexually attracted to exclusively one part of the body.
  - Zoophilia - involves people who are sexually attracted to animals.
  - Coprophilia - involves people who are sexually aroused by feces.
  - Klismaphilia - involves people who are sexually aroused by enemas.
  - Urophilia - involves people who are sexually aroused by urine.

---

## REFERENCES

- (1) *Advocate*, 1985.
- (2) Bayer, R. *Homosexuality and American Psychiatry*.
- (3) Bell, A. and Weinberg, M. *Homosexualities: a Study of Diversity Among Men and Women*. New York: Simon & Schuster, 1978.
- (4) Cameron et. al. ISIS National Random Sexuality Survey. *Nebraska Med. Journal*, 1985, 70, pp. 292-299.
- (5) "Changes in Sexual Behavior and Incidence of Gonorrhoea." *Lancet*, April 25, 1987.
- (6) Corey, L. and Holmes, K. "Sexual Transmission of Hepatitis A in Homosexual Men." *New England J. Med.*, 1980, pp. 435-38.
- (7) Family Research Institute, Lincoln, NE.
- (8) Fields, Dr. E. "Is Homosexual Activity Normal?" Marietta, GA.
- (9) Jay and Young. *The Gay Report*. Summit Books, 1979, p. 275.
- (10) Kaifetz, J. "Homosexual Rights Are Concern for Some," *Post-Tribune*, 18 December 1992.

- (11) Kus, R. "Alcoholics Anonymous and Gay America." *Medical Journal of Homosexuality*, 1987, 14(2), p. 254.
- (12) *Lesbian News*, January 1994.
- (13) Lief, H. *Sexual Survey Number 4: Current Thinking on Homosexuality, Medical Aspects of Human Sexuality*, 1977, pp. 110-11.
- (14) Manlight, G. et. al. "Chronic Immune Stimulation By Sperm Alloantigens." *J. American Med. Assn.*, 1984, 251(2), pp. 237-438.
- (15) *Morton-Hunt Study for Playboy*
- (16) MsKusick, L. et. al. "AIDS and Sexual Behavior Reported By Gay Men in San Francisco." *Am. J. Pub. Health*, 1985, 75, pp. 493-96.
- (17) *Newsweek*, February 1993.
- (18) *Newsweek*, 4 October 1993.
- (19) *Psychological Reports*, 1986, 58, pp. 327-37.
- (20) Rueda, E. "The Homosexual Network." *Old Greenwich, Conn., The Devin Adair Company*, 1982, p. 53.
- (21) San Francisco AIDS Foundation, "Can We Talk."
- (22) *San Francisco Sentinel*, 27 March 1992.
- (23) *Science Magazine*, 18 July 1993, p. 322.
- (24) *Statistical Abstract of the U.S.*, 1990.
- (25) "The Overhauling of Straight America." *Guide Magazine*. November, 1987.
- (26) *United States Census Bureau*
- (27) United States Congressional Record, June 29, 1989.
- (28) *University of Chicago's Nation Research Corp.*

(29) *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders Fourth Edition*, American Psychiatric Association, 1994.

(30) *Reuters, Feb. 5, 2001*

(31) *Center for Disease Control*

(32) *Associated Press, April 25, 2001*

### **Homosexuality is High Risk for Physical, Mental and Emotional Problems**

- One study found that the life expectancy of homosexuals is 43 years. Cameron, P., Playfair, W.L. & Wellum, S. (1994). "The longevity of homosexuals: Before and after the AIDS epidemic." *Omega* 29, 249-272. This study has been sharply criticized by homosexual activists, with healthy doses of attacks on Paul Cameron, particularly after former Education Secretary William Bennett referred to this study in several public statements. See, for instance, Sullivan, A. (1998, January 5). "False Bennett: Gay bashing by the numbers." *New Republic*, page 15. However, the 14<sup>th</sup> International AIDS Conference in Barcelona opened with the release of a study showing that the AIDS pandemic would cause a decline in life expectancy in 51 countries in the next two decades. Information released the same day indicated that data from 25 U.S. states suggested that the number of new cases of HIV infection had stabilized since 1998. However, experts noted that this study could not ensure a permanent or prolonged plateau in new cases because the latest count is only complete through 2000, and, more important, because California, New York and Florida, each with large numbers of HIV-infected people, were not included in the sample. The study ending in 2000 also found alarming rates of unprotected sex during the previous six months by practicing homosexuals. All of this information indicates that impact on life expectancy is a very real part of the homosexual lifestyle.
- Homosexual men are at significantly increased risk of HIV/AIDS, hepatitis, anal cancer, gonorrhea and gastrointestinal infections as a result of their sexual practices. Medical Institute for Sexual Health.
- Homosexual behavior accounts for a disproportionate number of sexually transmitted diseases. Mireya Navarro, "Federal Officials See Sharp Rise of Hepatitis Among Gay Men," *The New York Times*, March 6, 1992.
- 65 percent of all reported AIDS cases among males since 1981 have been men engaged in homosexual behavior. Center for Disease Control, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, Vol. 9, No. 2, May 1998.
- The 2002 update reported by the Center for Disease Control indicates that 62% of known HIV cases involve men who have had sex with other men, and an additional 8% of those cases involve men who have had sex with other men and use intravenous drugs. Thus, 70% of known HIV cases involve homosexual men. And, another alarming finding is reported: only ¼ of homosexual men with HIV get tested or discovered before the disease progresses into full blown AIDS. Therefore, the number of homosexual men who have HIV is potentially staggeringly high.

- Homosexual youth are twenty-three times more likely to contract STD's than heterosexuals. American Adolescents: How Healthy Are They?, p. 31, American Medical Association, 1990.
- At least nine separate studies done since 1990 have found that homosexual youth have significantly higher rates of suicide. (Ferguson, David, et al., "Is Sexual Orientation Related to Mental Health problems and Suicidality in Young People?" *Archives of General Psychiatry* 56 (10): 876-880, 1999; Garofalo, Robert. Wolf, Cameron. "The Association Between Health Risk Behaviors and Sexual Orientation Among a School-based Sample of Adolescents." *Pediatrics*; v101 n 5 p 895-902, 1998; Remafedi, Gary & French, Simone. "The relationship between suicide risk and sexual orientation: Results of a population-based study." *American Journal of Public Health* 88 (1): 57-60, 1998; Faulkner, Anne H. & Cranston, Kevin. "Correlates of same-sex sexual behavior in a random sample of Massachusetts high school students." *American Journal of Public Health* 88 (2): 262-66, 1998; Hershberger, Scott L., & Pilkington, Neil W. "Predictors of suicide attempts among gay, lesbian and bisexual youth." *Journal of Adolescent Research* 12 (4):477-97, 1997; Jordan, Karen M., Vaughan, Jill S., & Woodworth, Katharine J. "I Will Survive: Lesbian, Gay and Bisexual Youths' Experience of High School." *Journal of Gay and Lesbian Social Services* 7, 4, 17-33, 1997; Schaffer, David & Fisher, Prudence. "Sexual Orientation in Adolescents Who Commit Suicide." *Suicide and Life Threatening Behavior* 25, supplement, 64-71, 1995; Proctor, Curtis D. & Groze, Victor K. "Risk factors for suicide among gay, lesbian and bisexual youths." *Social Work* 39 (5): 504-13, 1994; Rotheram, Borus & Mary J., et al. "Suicide Behavior and Gay-Related Stress Among Gay and Bisexual Male Adolescents." *Journal of Adolescent Research* v9 n 4 p498-508 October 1994.)

Comparing sexually active youth, Faulkner's study found 42% of the homosexuals reported having attempted suicide, compared to 27% of the heterosexual students. Fergusson found 32% of the homosexual youth reporting attempts, compared to 7% of the heterosexuals. A similar gap was found in Garofalo's study, with 35% of homosexuals reporting attempts, compared to 10% of heterosexuals. Remafedi found 28% of males compared to 4% of males, and 20% of females compared to 14% of females.

- There is a high degree of destructive behavior among homosexuals, including alcohol, drug abuse and emotional and physical violence. Robert Garofalo, et al, "The Association Between Health Risk Behaviors and Sexual Orientation Among a School-based Sample of Adolescents," *Pediatrics*, 101 pp 895-902 (1998).
- 1999 FBI data on crimes reflects that homosexuals have a 50,000 percent greater risk of being the victim of a "love" crime than a "hate" crime. The

numbers show only 1317 reported “hate crime” offenses against victims of sexual orientation compared to 650,000 incidents of domestic violence between male homosexual couples in 1998.

- The Streetwork Project Study of 1991 found that 42 percent of the homeless were homosexual.
- A 2001 study by the Sexual Health Unit at Alice Springs Hospital in Australia found that lesbians have higher rates of bacterial vaginosis and hepatitis C, related to higher rates of smoking and oral sexual practices.
- Significantly higher percentages of homosexual men and women abuse drugs, alcohol and tobacco than do heterosexuals. Medical Institute for Sexual Health.
- 10 facts about homosexual men according to the Gay and Lesbian medical Association in a press release issued through *Gay Wired* on June 10, 2002:
  - Men having sex with men are at increased risk of HIV infection, a fact that is “well known.” Also, the last few years have “seen the return of many unsafe sex practices.”
  - Homosexual men use substances at a higher rate than the general population. This includes amyl nitrate (“poppers”), marijuana, Ecstasy and amphetamines.
  - Depress and anxiety effect homosexuals at a higher rate than the general population.
  - Men having sex with men are at an increased risk of sexually transmitted infection with the viruses that cause the serious condition of the liver known as hepatitis, which can lead to cirrhosis and liver cancer.
  - Sexually transmitted diseases occur in sexually active homosexuals at a high rate. This includes STD infections for which treatment is available (syphilis, gonorrhea, chlamydia, public lice) and those for which there is no cure (HIV, Hepatitis A, B, or C virus, Human Papilloma Virus).
  - Homosexual men are at risk for death by prostate, testicular or colon cancer.
  - Homosexual men have higher rates of alcohol dependence and abuse than heterosexual men.
  - Homosexual men use tobacco at much higher rates than heterosexual men, reaching nearly 50 percent in some studies. Tobacco-related health problems include lung disease, lung cancer, heart disease, high blood pressure and a host of other serious problems.
  - Homosexual men are more likely to experience and eating disorder such as bulimia or anorexia nervosa, and overweight and obesity affect a large subset of the homosexual community.
  - Homosexual men are at risk for human papilloma virus, which causes anal and genital warts, and plays a role in increased rates of anal cancers.

**Homosexuals Have Not Been Short-Changed in Economic, Education or Employment Opportunities**

- Based on a study of six thousand U.S. residents, the average combined income of homosexual couples is 60 percent higher than the average U.S. income. More than 20 percent surveyed reported a combined income of \$100,000 or more; nearly half reported a combined income of \$60,000 or over. Study by homosexual marketing group Gsociety, in conjunction with OpusComm Group, Inc. and the S.I. Newhouse School at Syracuse University.
- A 2001 Gay/Lesbian Consumer Online Census found that 20 percent of the homosexuals surveyed had graduate degrees, 37 percent were college graduates, and 32 percent had some college. Only one percent of the population had not graduated from high school.
- The same 2001 Gay/Lesbian Consumer Online Census found that none of those surveyed made less than \$30,000, and 51 percent of the men had incomes of \$70,000 or higher, while 36 percent of the women were in the same range.
- The same 2001 study address entertainment spending, finding that 58 percent of those surveyed spent over \$100 per month on entertainment, and 17 percent spent over \$300 per month. Also, 58% had gone to a bar or club in the last month. Further reflecting spending patterns, 44 percent had been to a music concert, and 48 percent to the theater, in the past month.
- In the February 2001 issue of the *Advocate*, a homosexual magazine, including an online edition, bragged that the spending power of homosexuals per year is \$450 billion. The story chronicles the fact that Fortune 500 companies are targeting this population to market to them because of their enormous spending power.

### *Homosexuals are Not Born That Way*

A 1970 Kinsey Institute study found that 81% of 684 gays and 93% of 293 lesbians had changed or shifted either their sexual feelings or behaviors after age 12. 58% of the gays and 77% of the lesbians reported a second shift in sexual orientation; 31% of the gays and 49% of the lesbians reported a third shift; and 13% of the gays and 30% of the lesbians reported even a *fourth* shift in sexual orientation before "settling" into adult homosexuality. The shifts reported by these subjects varied in degree, but some were quite dramatic - about a quarter of gays and a third of lesbians once had heterosexual desires and 5% of heterosexual men and 3% of heterosexual women once had substantial homosexual desires. Immutable things like eye color or skin color don't change once, much less three or four times!

Unlike biological changes, the shifts in sexual orientation began at age 18 or later for half of both gays and lesbians. Sexual changes, five or more years after puberty, are *exceptionally* late and without biological precedent in development. But changes in *tastes* (e.g., food or entertainment) often take place around age 18.

The same Kinsey study also produced other evidence that cannot be explained in terms of biological determinism, but would readily support the idea that choice is involved in sexual orientation and behavior:

- 74% of their gays admitted to having been sexually aroused by a female and 80% of lesbians said that they had been sexually aroused by a male;
- 19% of their gays and 38% of lesbians had been heterosexually married;
- 20% of gays, 5% of heterosexual men, 7% of lesbians and no heterosexual women had had sex with animals.

Consistent with these results, the Family Research Institute conducted a nationwide random survey of 4,340 adults drawn from 5 U.S. cities in 1983 and found:

- 82% of those currently lesbian and 66% of those currently gay said that they had been in love with someone of the opposite sex.
- 88% of lesbians and 73% of gays had been sexually aroused by someone of the opposite sex.
- 67% of lesbians and 54% of gays reported current sexual attraction to the opposite sex.
- 85% of lesbians and 54% of gays, as adults, had sexual relations with someone of the opposite sex.
- 32% of gays and 47% of lesbians had been heterosexually married; and
- 17% of gays, 3% of heterosexual men, 10% of lesbians and 1% of heterosexual women reported sex with animals.
- Overall, 7.8% of women and 12% of men claimed to have been homosexually aroused at some point in their life. Yet 59% of the once homosexually aroused women and 51% of the once homosexually aroused men were currently heterosexual.



- 5.1% of the women and 9.4% of the men admitted to at least one homosexual partner. Of these, only 58% of the women and 61% of the men were currently gay.
- 4.1% of women and 5.8% of men reported that they had, at least once, been "in homosexual love." Yet only 66% of those who had fallen in love with a member of the same sex were currently gay.
- Almost a third of those who admitted to homosexual relations in adulthood were now heterosexual.

## *There is No "Gay Gene"*

From "Discovery of "Gay Gene" Questioned" by Ingrid Wickelgren April 22, 1999, by Academic Press Daily InSight, on the web at <http://www.apnet.com/insight/04221999/grapha.htm>

Six years ago, scientists at the National Cancer Institute (NCI) in Bethesda, Maryland, predicted that there was a gene somewhere on the tip of the X chromosome that influences a male's chances of becoming homosexual. But in tomorrow's issue of *Science*, a team of Canadian researchers says that they can't find evidence for such a genetic link.

The possible "gay gene" was located in 1993 by a team led by Dean Hamer of the NCI. They noticed a preponderance of gay relatives on the maternal side of the families of the gay men they studied. A closer look at the X chromosomes of 40 pairs of gay brothers from the families with maternal gay relatives showed that the brothers were far more likely to share certain DNA signposts, or markers, on the Xq28 region of the chromosome than would be expected by chance. The researchers concluded that the snippet must contain a gene predisposing men to homosexuality. A second study published in 1995 led them to the same conclusion.

But a new study by clinical neurologists George Rice and George Ebers at the University of Western Ontario in London, Ontario, and their colleagues takes issue with those findings. Rice and Ebers's team examined DNA from 52 pairs of gay brothers for four markers in region Xq28, using methods similar to Hamer's. They found that the brothers were no more likely to share the Xq28 markers than would be expected by chance. A statistical analysis ruled out the possibility of any gene in Xq28 having a major genetic influence on a male's chances of being gay. "What is troubling is that there is no hint or trend in the direction of the initial observation," says Ebers.

From News in Science 23/4/1999 "Gay gene" debate re-opened, on the web at <http://www.abc.net.au/science/news/stories/s22814.htm>:

A new study has overturned earlier results suggesting a genetic basis for homosexuality.

When Dean Hamer and colleagues from the [National Cancer Institute](#) announced they had found a genetic link to homosexuality in 1993, the finding made headlines around the world.

Hamer claimed he had found evidence for an unidentified gene on the X chromosome, passed from mother to son, that influences whether or not a man becomes gay.

While many gay men felt it confirmed their long-held feeling they were "born that way", others feared the discovery could lead to pre-natal screening, abortion of affected fetuses and other types of discrimination.

But new research on a much larger number of men shows no such evidence. In the study published in today's issue of [Science](#), gay brothers were no more likely to share certain "markers" or signposts on the X chromosome than would be expected by chance.

Hamer had found gay brothers were nearly twice as likely to share the markers.

"If there is such a link, it's so weak it's not important," says the new work's author, Dr George Rice from the [University of Western Ontario](#) in London.

"What's troubling is that there is no hint or trend in the direction of the initial observation."

Dean Hamer believes the way the Ontario researchers selected the families would tend to hide the contribution of the X-chromosome region he identified. The putative gene would only influence cases of homosexuality transmitted maternally, he says, and Rice's team did not select families for their study on that basis.

But the British scientists say they saw no evidence for such transmission in the family pedigrees.

While they say their results do not rule out the possibility of other genes on other chromosomes playing a role in becoming gay, Hamer is pursuing the X-chromosome, trying to identify a discrete gene and work out how it influences such a complex trait as sexual orientation.

Other information that indicates this "gay gene" is unlikely:

Researchers have conducted a common type of behavioral genetics investigation called linkage studies. Researchers identify a behavior trait that runs in a family, then look for a chromosomal variant in the genetic material of that family, and determine whether the variant is more frequent in family members who share the behavior trait. Often people hear of a "correlation" between a genetic structure with a behavior trait and conclude that the behavior is genetic. Actually this is not true at all.

Before we consider the specifics, here is what serious scientists think about recent genetics-of-behavior research.

Time and time again, scientists have claimed that particular genes or chromosomal regions are associated with behavioral traits, only to withdraw their findings when they were not replicated. "Unfortunately,"

says Yale's [Dr. Joel] Gelernter, "it's hard to come up with many" findings linking specific genes to complex human behaviors that have been replicated. "...All were announced with great fanfare; all were greeted unskeptically in the popular press; all are now in disrepute."<sup>1</sup>

Two American activists published studies showing that if one of a pair of identical twins is homosexual, the other member of the pair will be, too, in just under 50% of the cases. On this basis, they claim "homosexuality is genetic." But two other genetic researchers, including the head of the Harvard genetics department, comment:

While the authors interpreted their findings as evidence for a genetic basis for homosexuality, we think that the data in fact provide strong evidence for the influence of the environment.<sup>2</sup>

The author of the lead article on genes and behavior in a special issue of *Science* speaks of the renewed scientific recognition of the importance of environment. He notes the growing understanding that "the interaction of genes and environment is much more complicated than the simple 'violence genes' and 'intelligence genes' touted in the popular press. The same data that show the effects of genes also point to the enormous influence of non-genetic factors."<sup>3</sup>

"Gay gene" researcher Dean Hamer was asked by *Scientific American* if homosexuality was rooted solely in biology. He replied, "Absolutely not. From twin studies, we already know that half or more of the variability in sexual orientation is not inherited. Our studies try to pinpoint the genetic factors ... not negate the psychosocial factors."<sup>4</sup>

It is important to understand the difference between heritability and inherited. Almost every human characteristic is in significant measure heritable. But few human behavioral traits are directly inherited, in the manner of height, for example, or skin or eye color. Inherited means directly determined by genes, with little or no way of preventing or modifying the trait through a change in the environment. Heritable, on the other hand, means something you can pick up from the environment that dovetails, so to speak, with your biological makeup. So, to put it plainly, if you are inclined to a more simpering or fastidious manner biologically, and you grow up in an environment where you are taught It's OK to be gay, you are more likely to live as a homosexual. Conversely, if you have those same biological attributes, but are raised in an environment where you are taught it is sinful to be gay, you are likely not to live as a homosexual.

It is also important to understand that "associated with" does not mean "caused by." If you compared families of basketball players to families of non-players, you would find that a particular cluster of genes is found more commonly in the basketball-playing

---

<sup>1</sup> Mann, C. "Genes and behavior." *Science* 265:1687 (1994).

<sup>2</sup> Billings, P. and Beckwith, J. *Journal of Technology Review*. July 1993 p 60.

<sup>3</sup> Mann, *ibid*.

<sup>4</sup> "Gay Genes Revisited: Doubts Arise Over Research on the Biology of Homosexuality." *Scientific American*. November 1995, p. 26.

families. These would be physiological traits, such as muscle strength, speed, agility, reflex, speed and height. Those are the things that cause a person to be able to play basketball well. That does not mean the basketball player was born a basketball player. Rather, it means he was born with some raw material that he could choose to use to be a basketball player, compared to others who may not have those raw materials. This means that the person without the raw materials may have to dig a little deeper or work a little harder to be a professional ball player, than the person who was born with the raw materials. The person without as many natural attributes for the game may grow up in a household where a strong work ethic is taught, and that may enable him to be as good a player as the natural athlete because of his environment.

Applying this understanding to the issue of homosexuality, this is what we find: Inherited traits that are common among male homosexuals may include a greater-than-average tendency to anxiety, shyness, sensitivity, intelligence, and aesthetic abilities. But this is speculation. To date, researchers have not yet sought to identify these factors with scientific rigor. There is nothing in the traits that may be heritable that includes a proclivity to engage in the act of anal copulation. Converting those heritable traits into a homosexual lifestyle is the product of psychology and socialization.

As well, it is important to understand that use causes a change. In the LeVay<sup>5</sup> brain study, which measured parts of the hypothalamus, a size difference was found between homosexuals and heterosexuals. The important scientific fact to remember, which is well known to scientists, is that the brain changes with use, quite dramatically. Those parts responsible for an activity get larger over time. Further, the hypothalamus is known to interact with sexual activity. This quote from *The Hypothetical Genetics of Sexual Orientation* by Keith Bell, Boston University Undergraduate Biology Program, on the web at <http://hamp.hampshire.edu/~kebf92/genetics.html#Gene> illustrates a further problem with LeVay's study:

The most obvious problem with LeVay's study is that all the homosexual men died after a long period of being infected with HIV, which could have affected the size of the INAH 3 nucleus, addressed by showing that heterosexual men who died from AIDS did not show the smaller nucleus that gay men did. Statistical comparisons of data also showed significant differences even with the extremely small sample sizes that LeVay worked with. Defining sexuality was difficult, as the heterosexual brains could only be presumed so, and one brain known to be from a bisexual was simply added to the sample of homosexual. If there were a large problem with that classification, however, an ANOVA would likely have shown no difference in the two samples

---

<sup>5</sup>Simon LeVay, himself a homosexual, is a neurobiologist who gained fame in 1991 when he published his theory that the development of sexual orientation in men is closely tied with the "prenatal sexual differentiation of the brain." In 1998 his book, *Queer Science: The Use and Abuse of Research into Homosexuality*, was published by MIT Press, where he claims that homosexuals are a third sex, made up of a combination of male and female.

The point that the homosexuals whose brains were examined died from AIDS is significant, given the current and substantial research that shows those who die from AIDS are, almost without exception, sexually active, often even after learning they are infected. Thus again illustrating that it was use – not predisposition – that cause the change in the size of the hypothalamus.

When examined under the microscope of scientific principles, it is clear that there is no “gay gene.” Instead, the differences found between homosexuals and non-homosexuals are the product of psychosocial influences, interplaying with biological, which may or may not be present in many, many people.

Some closing quotes further reinforcing this point, first from the American Psychological Association

*[M]any scientists share the view that sexual orientation is shaped for most people at an early age through complex interactions of biological, psychological and social factors”<sup>6</sup>*

From researcher Simon LeVay (“gay brain” and *Queer Science*):

*At this point, the most widely held opinion [on causation of homosexuality] is that multiple factors play a role.<sup>7</sup>*

From Dennis McFadden, University of Texas neuroscientist:

*Any human behavior is going to be the result of complex intermingling of genetics and environment. It would be astonishing if it were not true for homosexuality.<sup>8</sup>*

From Sociologist Steven Goldberg:

*I know of no one in the field who argues that homosexuality can be explained without reference to environmental factors.<sup>9</sup>*

Throughout the history of humankind humans have been born with biological instincts that can lead to all manner of deviant or perverse behavior. Only in recent years in this

---

<sup>6</sup> The American Psychological Association's pamphlet, "Answers to Your Questions About Sexual Orientation and Homosexuality."

<sup>7</sup> LeVay, Simon. *Queer Science*, MIT Press. 1998.

<sup>8</sup> "Scientists Challenge Notion that Homosexuality's a Matter of Choice," *The Charlotte Observer*, August 9, 1998.

<sup>9</sup> Goldberg, Steven. *When Wish Replaces Thought: Why So Much of What You Believe is False*. Buffalo, New York: Prometheus Books. 1994.

country have the psychological and social influences on young people caused them to readily and openly pursue those impulses, leading to a rise in experimentation with homosexuality. None of these dynamics have anything to do with a so-called “gay gene” or “gay brain.” There is insufficient science to sustain the notion that homosexuals are born with a homosexual trait that they are stuck with for life. Indeed, all of the evidence illustrates the opposite. Since LeVay and Hamer published their alleged findings, numerous scientists have endeavored to duplicate them, all without success. What those gentlemen should have told the public is that they were homosexual activists, that they had an agenda when they set their hands to research, that at best they found something to speculate about, and that – predictably – since that time their theory has been tested and retested, with no one finding their theories to be substantiated in science.

## *There is a High Correlation Between Child Molestation and Homosexuality*<sup>10</sup>

### The Scientific Evidence

Three kinds of scientific evidence point to the proportion of homosexual molestation: 1) survey reports of molestation in the general population, 2) surveys of those caught and convicted of molestation, and 3) what homosexuals themselves have reported. These three lines of evidence suggest that the 1%-to-3% of adults who practice homosexuality<sup>11</sup> account for between a fifth and a third of all child molestation.

### Reports of Molestation by the General Population

In 1983, a probability survey of the sexual experiences of 4,340 adults in 5 U.S. cities found that about 3% of men and 7% of women reported sexual involvement with a man before the age of 13<sup>4</sup> (i.e., 30% was homosexual).

In 1983<sup>12</sup>, a random survey of 3,132 adults in Los Angeles found that 3.8% of men and 6.8% of women said that they had been sexually assaulted in childhood. Since 93% of the assailants were male, and only 1% of girls had been assaulted by females, about 35% of the assaults were homosexual.<sup>13</sup>

The Los Angeles Times<sup>14</sup> surveyed 2,628 adults across the U.S. in 1985. 27% of the women and 16% of the men claimed to have been sexually molested. Since 7% of the molestations of girls and 93% of the molestations of boys were by adults of the same sex, about 4 of every 10 molestations in this survey were homosexual.

In a random survey of British 15-to-19 yr olds, 35% of the boys and 9% of the girls claimed to have been approached for sex by adult homosexuals and 2% of the boys and 1% of the girls admitted to succumbing.<sup>15</sup>

In science, a review of the professional literature published in a refereed scientific journal is considered to be an accurate summary of the current state of knowledge. The latest such review was published in 1985.<sup>16</sup> It concluded that homosexual acts were involved in 25% to 40% of the cases of child molestation recorded in the scientific and forensic literature.

---

<sup>10</sup> This should be of particular concern to single parents whose children participate in the Big Brothers Big Sisters programs, since this month the Big Brothers-Big Sisters of American (BBBSA) stated it will *require* all 500 of its local affiliates to allow practicing homosexuals to serve as mentors to children. Given the often emotionally fragile nature of children who participate in this program, if these statistics bear the truth, the number of victims will increase.

<sup>11</sup> Cameron P. & Cameron K., The prevalence of homosexuality, *Psychological Reports*, 1993, in press.

<sup>12</sup> Cameron P., et al., Child molestation and homosexuality, *Psychological Reports*, 1986:58:327-337.

<sup>13</sup> Siegel JM, et al., The prevalence of childhood sexual assault, *Amer J Epidemiology*, 1987:126:1141-53.

<sup>14</sup> *Los Angeles Times*, August 25, 26 1985.

<sup>15</sup> Schofield M, *The sexual behaviour of young people*, Boston: Little, Brown, 1965.

<sup>16</sup> Cameron P., Homosexual molestation of children/sexual interaction of teacher and pupil, *Psychological Reports*, 1985:57:1227-36.



## Surveys of Those Convicted

Drs. Freund and Heasman<sup>17</sup> of the Clarke Institute of Psychiatry in Toronto reviewed two sizeable studies and calculated that 34% and 32% of the offenders against children were homosexual. In cases they had personally handled, homosexuals accounted for 36% of their 457 pedophiles.

Dr. Adrian Copeland, a psychiatrist who works with sexual offenders at the Peters Institute in Philadelphia, said<sup>18</sup> that, from his experience, pedophiles tend to be homosexual and "40% to 45%" of child molesters have had "significant homosexual experiences."

Dr. C. H. McGaghy<sup>19</sup> estimated that "homosexual offenders probably constitute about half of molesters who work with children." Other studies are similar:

- Of the approximately 100 child molesters in 1991 at the Massachusetts Treatment Center for Sexually Dangerous Persons, a third were heterosexual, a third bisexual and a third homosexual in orientation.<sup>20</sup>
- A statewide survey of 161 Vermont adolescents who committed sex offenses in 1984 found that 35 (22%) were homosexual.<sup>21</sup>
- Of the 91 molesters of non-related children at Canada's Kingston Sexual Behavior Clinic from 1978-1984, 38 (42%) engaged in homosexuality.<sup>22</sup>
- Of 52 child molesters in Ottawa from 1983 to 1985, 31 (60%) were homosexual.<sup>23</sup>
- In England for 1973, 802 persons (8 females) were convicted of indecent assault on a male, and 3,006 (6 of them female) were convicted of indecent assault on a female (i.e., 21% were homosexual). 88% of male and about 70% of female victims were under age sixteen.<sup>24</sup>

---

<sup>17</sup> Freund K., et al, Pedophilia and heterosexuality vs. homosexuality, *J Sex & Marital Therapy*, 1984:10:193-200.

<sup>18</sup> Quoted by A. Bass, *Boston Globe*, 8/8/88.

<sup>19</sup> Child Molesting, *Sexual Behavior*, 1971:1:16-24.

<sup>20</sup> Interview with Dr. Raymond A. Knight at his presentation, *Differential Prevalence of Personality Disorders in Rapists and Child Molesters*, at *Eastern Psychological Assn Convention*, New York, 4/12/91.

<sup>21</sup> Wasserman J, et al., Adolescent Sex Offenders – Vermont, 1984, *J American Medical Assn*, 1986:255:181-2.

<sup>22</sup> Marshall WL, et al., Early Onset and Deviant Sexuality in Child Molesters. *J Interpersonal Violence*, 1991:6:323-336.

<sup>23</sup> Bradford JMW, et al., The Heterogenicity/Homogenicity of Pedophilia, *Psych J Univ Ottawa*, 1988:13:217-226.

<sup>24</sup> Walmsley R & White K, *Sexual Offences, Consent and Sentencing*, Home Office Research Study No. 54, HMSO, London, 1979, pp. 30-32.

Because of this pattern, Judge J. T. Rees concluded, "the male homosexual naturally seeks the company of the male adolescent, or of the young male adult, in preference to that of the fully-grown man. "In 1947] 986 persons were convicted of homosexual and unnatural offences. Of those, 257 were indictable offences involving 402 male victims.... The great majority of [whom]... were under the age of 16. Only 11%... were over 21." "[T]he problem of male homosexuality is in essence the problem of the corruption of youth by itself [i.e., by other boys] and by its elders. [And thereby]... the creation... of new addicts ready to corrupt a still further generation of young men and boys in the future."<sup>25</sup>

### What Homosexuals Admit

The 1948 Kinsey survey found that 37% of the gays and 2% of the lesbians admitted to sexual relations with under-17-yr-olds, and 28% of the gays and 1% of the lesbians admitted to sexual relations with under-16-yr-olds while they themselves were aged 18 or older.<sup>26</sup>

In 1970 the Kinsey Institute interviewed 565 white gays in San Francisco: 25% of them admitted to having had sex with boys aged 16 or younger while they themselves were at least 21.<sup>27</sup>

In *The Gay Report*, 23% of the gays and 6% of the lesbians admitted to sexual interaction with youth less than 16 years of age.<sup>28</sup>

In France, 129 convicted gays<sup>29</sup> (average age 34 years) said they had had sexual contact with a total of 11,007 boys (an average of 85 different boys per man). Abel, et al reported similarly that men who molested girls outside their family had averaged 20 victims each; those who molested boys averaged 150 victims each.<sup>30</sup>

### Summary

About a third of the reports of molestation by the populace have involved homosexuality. Likewise, between a fifth and a third of those who have been caught and/or convicted practiced homosexuality. Finally, a fifth to a third of surveyed gays admitted to child molestation.

### Teacher-Pupil Sexual Interaction

---

<sup>25</sup> Rees JT & Usill HV, *They stand apart*, 1957, NY:Macmillan, pp. 28-29.

<sup>26</sup> Gebhard PH & Johnson AB, *The Kinsey Data: Marginal Tabulation of the 1938-1963 Interviews Conducted by the Institute for Sex Research*, NY:Saunders, 1979.

<sup>27</sup> Bell AP & Weinberg MS, *Homosexuality: A study of diversity among men and women*. NY:Simon & Schuster, 1978.

<sup>28</sup> Jay K & Young A, *The Gay Report*, NY:Summit, 1979.

<sup>29</sup> Dr. Edward Brongeruma, as quoted by Tom O'Carroll in *Pedophilia: The radical case*, Boston:Alyson, 1982.

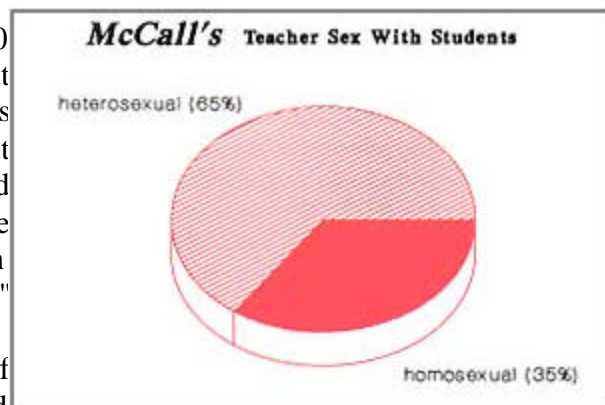
<sup>30</sup> Abel GG, et al., Self-reported sex crimes of non-incarcerated paraphiliacs, *J Interpersonal Violence*, 1987:2:3-25.

Accounts of disproportionate homosexual teacher molestation appear throughout the scientific literature.

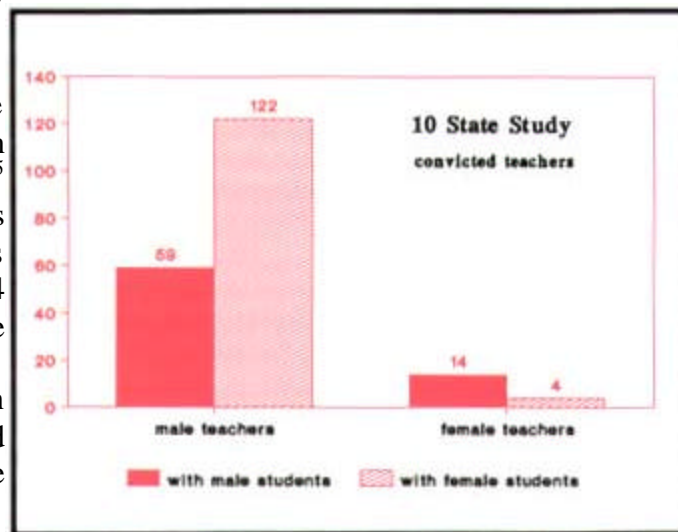
The original U.S. Kinsey study reported that 4% of the non-criminal white gays and 7% of the non-criminal white lesbians reported that they had their first homosexual experience with a “teacher or other caretaker.” None of the heterosexuals were recorded as having a teacher as their first sex partner.<sup>31</sup>

In England, Schofield reported that at least 2 of his 150 homosexuals had their first homosexual experience with a teacher and an additional 2 reported that their first homosexual contact with an adult was with a teacher. One of the 50 men in his comparison group had also been seduced by a homosexual teacher, while none of the men interviewed claimed involvement with a heterosexual teacher.<sup>32</sup>

In the 1978 *McCall's* magazine study of 1,400 principals,<sup>33</sup> 7% reported complaints about homosexual contact between teachers and pupils and 13% reported complaints about heterosexual contact between teachers and pupils (i.e., 35% of complaints were homosexual). 2% "knew of instances in which teachers discussed their homosexuality in class."



Of 400 consecutive Australian<sup>34</sup> cases of molestation, 7 boys and 4 girls were assaulted by male teachers. Thus 64% of those assaults were homosexual.



In 1987, Dr. Stephen Rubin, associate professor of psychology at Whitman College, conducted a 10 state survey<sup>35</sup> and found 199 sexual abuse cases involving teachers. 122 male teachers had abused female pupils and 14 female teachers had abused male students. In 59 cases, however, male teachers had abused male pupils and in 4 cases female teachers had abused female students (overall 32% were homosexual).

<sup>31</sup> Ibid, note 18.

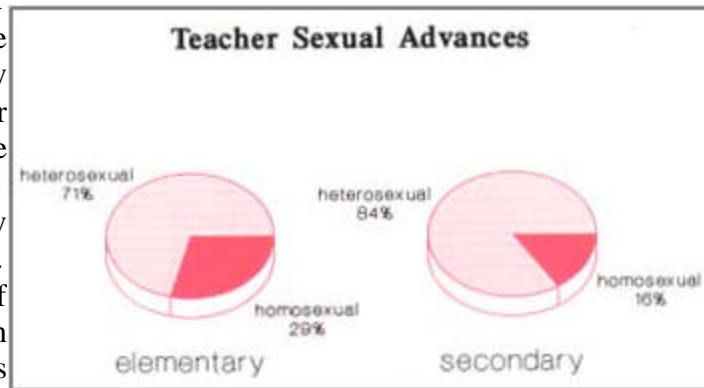
<sup>32</sup> Schofield M, *Sociological Aspects of Homosexuality*, Boston:Little, Brown, 1965.

<sup>33</sup> Hechinger G & Hechinger FM, Should homosexuals be allowed to teach?, *McCall's*, 1978:105(6), 100 ft.

<sup>34</sup> McGeorge J, Sexual assaults on children, *Medical Science & the Law*, 1964:4:245-253.

<sup>35</sup> Paper @ 24<sup>th</sup> International Congress Psychology, Sydney, Australia, August 1988.

A 1983 survey asked 4,340 adults to report on any sexual advances and any physical sexual contact by elementary and secondary teachers (4% of those who were teachers in the survey claimed to be bisexual or homosexual).<sup>4</sup> 29% of the advances by elementary and 16% of the advances by secondary school teachers were homosexual. In addition, 1 of 4 (25%) reports of actual sexual contact with an elementary school teacher was homosexual. In high school, 8 (22%) of 37 contacts between teacher and pupil were homosexual. 18% reported having had a homosexual teacher (8% of those over the age of 55 vs. 25% of those under 26). Of those reporting a homosexual teacher, 6% said that the teacher influenced them to try homosexuality and 13% of the men and 4% of the women said that the teacher made sexual advances toward them.



### Summary

Whether examining surveys of the general populace or counts of those caught, homosexual teachers are disproportionately apt to become sexually involved with children.

Study after nationwide study<sup>36</sup> has yielded estimates of male homosexuality that range between 1% and 3%. The proportion of lesbians in these studies is almost always lower, usually about half that of male homosexuals. So, overall, perhaps 2% of adults regularly indulge in homosexuality. Yet they account for 20% to 40% of all molestations of children. Child molestation is not to be taken lightly. Officials at a facility, which serves about 1,500 runaway youngsters each year estimate that about half of the boys have been homosexually abused and 90% of the girls heterosexually, assaulted.<sup>37</sup> Investigation of those suffering severe chronic mental illness implicates child molestation as a primary cause (45% of Bigras et al's<sup>38</sup> patients were homosexually abused).

If 2% of the population is responsible for 20% to 40% of something as socially and personally troubling as child molestation, something must be desperately wrong with that 2%. Not every homosexual is a child molester. But enough homosexuals do molest children so that the risk of a homosexual molesting a child is 10 to 20 times greater than that of a heterosexual.

<sup>36</sup> Ibid, note 3.

<sup>37</sup> Interview with New Orleans Street-Youth Worker Paul Henkels, January 27, 1993.

<sup>38</sup> Bigras J, et al., Severe paternal sexual abuse in early childhood and systematic aggression against the family and the institution, *Canadian J Psychiatry*, 1991:36:527-529. Also see Oates KR & Tong L, Sexual abuse of children: An area with room for professional reforms, *Medical J Australia*, 1987:147:544-548.

## Goals of the Homosexual Movement

The homosexual movement is forthright about seeking to legitimize child-adult homosexual sex. In 1987, *The Journal of Homosexuality* – the scholarly organ of the homosexual rights movement – published "Pedophilia and the Gay Movement."<sup>39</sup> Author Theo Sandfort detailed homosexual efforts to end "oppression towards pedophilia." In 1980 the largest Dutch gay organization (the COC) "adopted the position that the liberation of pedophilia must be viewed as a gay issue... [and that] ages of consent should therefore be abolished... by acknowledging the affinity between homosexuality and pedophilia, the COC has quite possibly made it easier for homosexual adults to become more sensitive to erotic desires of younger members of their sex, thereby broadening gay identity."

In 1990 COC achieved a significant victory: lowering of the age of consent for homosexual sex in Holland to 12 (unless the parents object, in which case it goes up to 15).<sup>40</sup> In the U.S. and Canada, the North American Man-Boy Love Association marches proudly in many "gay pride" parades with the stated goal of removing the barriers to man-boy sex. Note the phrases "oppression towards pedophilia" and "liberation of pedophilia." It is clear that those who advocate the legalization of sex between adults and children intend to argue that such conduct is a "civil right," deserving of the same legal protections afforded to other minorities.

Those who are interested in legalizing sexual relations between adults and children press to change the parameters of the discussion from an absolutist moral position to the "relative" position – claiming it can sometimes be beneficial. Recently, the American Psychological Association has become a strong ally in this effort, publishing articles by homosexual activists that subtly lay the groundwork for the notion that young, impressionable children enjoy having sex with adults. *In the course of this debate, the argument by pedophiles is that the "sexually privileged" have denied people under 18 the right to sexual pleasures in the same manner whites disadvantages blacks. So, you see where the comparison of homosexuality to blacks will take you!*

You may be shocked to know that items have been published, claiming to be "research" showing that the experience of **being molested** was "experienced positively" by the boys in most cases. As some scientists have pointed out, this "research" was done without any regard to the human subject safeguards that are paramount in all human science studies. Further, these "studies" are patently politically motivated.<sup>41</sup> The outrageousness of predatory homosexuals re-victimizing their young victims for their own sexual perversion should cause all of us to gasp in horror. Yet, how many of the members of the City Council even know about this debate that's raging through our country even as we speak?

---

<sup>39</sup> 1986-7, 13 #2, 3, pgs. 89-107.

<sup>40</sup> *Stonewall Union Reports*, February 1991.

<sup>41</sup> For more details on this issue see "On the Pedophilia Issue: What the APA Should have Known" on the web at <http://www.narth.com/docs/whatapa.html>.